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WOMEN & CHILD DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

The 24th September 2009

Sl. No.16551-II-SD-48/09/WCD.— In exercise of the powers conferred by section 32 of -The Maintenance and Welfare of Senior Citizens Act, 2007,(56 of 2007), the State Government do hereby make the following rules, namely:—

Chapter - I Preliminary

1. **Short title and commencement**—These rules may be called the Orissa Maintenance of Parents and Senior Citizens Rules, 2009.

They shall come into force on the date of their publication in *Orissa Gazette*.

2. **Definitions**— (1)In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,
- (a) "Act" means the Maintenance and Welfare of Senior Citizens Act, 2007 (56 of 2007);
 - (b) "application" means an application made to a tribunal under section 5',
 - (c) "blood relations", in the context of a male and a 'female inmate, mean father-daughter, mother-son, and brother-sister (not cousins);
 - (d) "Form" means a form appended to these rules;
 - (e) "inmate", in relation" to an old age home, means a senior citizen duly admitted to reside in such a home;
 - (f) "opposite party" means the party against whom an application for maintenance has been filed under section 4;
 - (g) "Presiding Officer" means an officer appointed to preside over a Maintenance Tribunal under sub-section (2) of section 15;
 - (h) "Schedule" means a Schedule appended to these rules;

(i) "section" means a section of the Act;

(j) "State Government" means the Government of Orissa.

(2) All other words and expressions used but not defined in these rules shall have the same meanings as respectively assigned to them in the Act,

Chapter- II

Procedure for Maintenance Tribunal and Conciliation Officers

3. Panel for appointment as Conciliation Officers— (1) Every Tribunal shall Prepare a panel of Persons suitable for appointment as Conciliation Officer under sub-section (6) of section 6, which shall include the Maintenance Officers designated under section 18

(2) Persons referred to under sub-rule (1), other than Maintenance Officers designated under section 18, shall be chosen subject to fulfilling the following conditions, namely:—

- (a) he must be associated with an organisation which is working for the welfare of senior citizens and/or weaker sections, or in the area of education, health, poverty-alleviation, women's empowerment, social welfare, rural development or related fields, for atleast two years with an unblemished record of service;
- (b) he must be a senior office-bearer of the organisation; and
- (c) he must possess sound knowledge of law in the related subject:

Provided that a person who is not associated with an organisation of the kind mentioned above, may also be included in the panel mentioned in sub-rule (1) subject to fulfilling the following conditions, namely:—

- (i) he must have a good and unblemished record of public service in one or more of the areas mentioned in clause (a); and
- (ii) he must possess sound knowledge of law in the related subject.

(3) The Tribunal shall publish the panel mentioned in sub-rule (1) for general information atleast twice every year, on 1st January and 1st July, respectively, and every time any change is effected therein.

4. **Procedure for filing an application for maintenance and its registration—** (1) An application for maintenance under section 4 shall be made in Form 'A', in the manner laid down in clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) of Section 5.

(2) On receipt of an application under sub-rule, the Presiding Officer shall cause –

- (a) its essential details to be entered in a Register of Maintenance Claim Cases, to be maintained in such form as the Government may direct; and

(b) its acknowledgment in Form "B" to be given, notwithstanding anything contained in rule 5, to the applicant or his authorised representative, in case of hand delivery, and its despatch by post in other cases and the acknowledgement shall specify, *inter alia*, the registration number of the application.

(3) Where a Tribunal takes cognizance of a maintenance claim, *suo motu*, the Presiding Officer shall, after ascertaining facts, get Form 'A' completed as accurately as possible, through the staff of the Tribunal, and -shall, as far as possible, get it authenticated by the concerned senior citizen or parent or any person or organisation authorised by him and shall cause the same to be registered in accordance with clause (a) of sub-rule (2).

5. **Preliminary Scrutiny of the application** — (1) on receipt of an application under sub-section (1) of section 5, the Tribunal shall satisfy itself that —

(a) the application is complete in all respect and

(b) the opposite party has, *prima facie*, an obligation to maintain the applicant in terms of section 4.

(2) In case where the Tribunal finds any lacunae in the application, it may direct the applicant to rectify such lacunae within a reasonable time limit,

6. **Notice to the Opposite Party**— (1) Once the Tribunal is satisfied on the points mentioned in sub-rule (1) of rule 5, it shall cause to be issued to each person against whom an application for maintenance has been filed, a notice in Form 'C' directing them to show cause why the application should not be granted, alongwith a copy of the application and its enclosures, in the following manner:—

(a) by hand delivery (Dasti) through the applicant if he so desires, else through a process server; or

(b) by registered post with acknowledgement due.

(2) The notice shall require the opposite party to appear in person, on the date to be specified in the notice and to show cause, in writing, as to why the application should not be granted and shall also inform, that, in case he fails to respond to it, the Tribunal shall proceed *ex parte*.

(3) Simultaneously, with the issue of notice under sub-rules (1) and (2), the applicant(s) shall also be informed of the date mentioned in sub-rule (2), by a notice issued in Form 'D'.

(4) The provisions of Order V of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, for the purpose of service of notice under sub-rules (2) and (3).

7. **Procedure in case of non-appearance by the Opposite Party**— In case, despite service of notice, the opposite party fails to show cause in response to a notice, the Tribunal shall proceed *ex parte*, by taking evidence of the applicant and making such other inquiry as it deems fit, and shall pass an order disposing of the application.

8. **Procedure in case of admission of claim**— In case, on the date fixed in the notice issued under rule 6, the opposite party appears and accepts his liability to maintain the applicant and the two parties arrive at a mutually agreed settlement, the Tribunal shall pass an order accordingly.

9. **Procedure for impleading children or relatives**— (1) An application by the opposite party, under the proviso to sub section (5) of section 5, to implead any other child or relative of the applicant shall be filed on the first date of hearing as specified in the notice issued under sub-rule (2) of rule 6:

Provided that no such application shall be entertained after such first hearing, unless the opposite party shows sufficient cause for filing it at a later stage.

(2) On receipt of an application under sub-rule (1), the Tribunal shall, if it is *prima facie* satisfied after hearing the parties, about the reasonableness of such application, issue notice to such other child or relative to show cause why they should not be impleaded as a party, and shall after giving them an opportunity of being heard, pass an order regarding their impleadment or otherwise.

(3) In case the Tribunal passes an order of impleadment under sub-rule (2), it shall cause a notice to be issued to such impleaded party in Form "C" in accordance with rule 6.

10. **(1) Reference to Conciliation Officer**— In case, on the date fixed in the notice issued under rule 6, the opposite party appears and files shows cause against the maintenance claim, the Tribunal shall seek the opinion of both the parties as to whether they

would like the matter to be referred to a Conciliation Officer and if they express their willingness in this behalf, the Tribunal shall ask them whether they would like the matter to be referred to a person included in the panel prepared under rule 3 or to any other person acceptable to both the parties.

(2) If both the parties agree on any person, whether included in the panel under rule 3 or otherwise, the Tribunal shall appoint such ' person as the Conciliation Officer and shall refer the matter to him, through a letter in Form "E" requesting the Conciliation Officer to try and work out a settlement acceptable to both the parties, within a period not exceeding one month from the date of receipt of the reference.

(3) The reference in Form 'E' shall be accompanied with copies of the application and replies of the opposite party thereto.

11. **(1) Proceedings by Conciliation Officer** — (1) upon receipt of a reference under rule 10, the Conciliation Officer shall hold meetings with the parties as necessary, and shall try to work out settlement acceptable to both the parties, within a period of one month from the date of receipt of the reference.

(2) If the Conciliation Officer succeeds in working out a settlement acceptable both the parties, he shall draw up a memorandum of settlement in Form 'F' and get it signed by both parties, and forward it, with a report in Form 'G' alongwith all records of the case received from the Tribunal, back to the Tribunal within a month from the date of settlement.

(3) If the Conciliation Officer is unable to arrive at a settlement within one month of receipt of a reference under rule 10, he shall Return the papers received from the Tribunal along with a report in Form 'H' showing efforts made to bring about a settlement and the points of difference between the two parties which could not be reconciled.

12. **Action by the Tribunal in case of settlement before a Conciliation Officer**— (1) In case the Tribunal receives a report from the Conciliation Officer under sub-rule (2) of rule 11, alongwith a memorandum of settlement, it shall give notice to both. Parties to appear before it on a date to be specified in the notice, and confirm the settlement.

(2) In case on the date specified in the notice the parties appear before the Tribunal and confirm the settlement arrived at before the Conciliation Officer, the Tribunal shall final order as agreed to in such settlement.

13. **Action by the Tribunal in Other Cases—** (1) In cases, (i) the applicant(s) and the opposite parties do not agree for reference of their dispute to a Conciliation Officer as per rule 10, or

- (ii) the Conciliation Officer appointed under rule 3 sends a report under sub-rule (3) of rule 11, conveying inability to work out a settlement acceptable to both the parties, or
- (iii) no report is received from a Conciliation Officer within the stipulated time-limit of one month, or
- (iv) in response to the notice issued under sub-rule (1) of rule 12, one or both the parties decline to confirm the settlement worked out by the Conciliation Officer, the Tribunal shall give both the parties an opportunity of leading evidence in support of their respective claims, and shall, after a summary inquiry as provided in sub-section (1) of section 8, pass such order as it deems fit.

(2) An order passed under rule 7, rule 8 or under sub-rule (1) shall be a speaking one, spelling out the facts of the case as ascertained by the Tribunal, and the reasons for the order.

(3) While passing an order under sub-rule (1), directing the opposite party to pay maintenance to an applicant, the Tribunal shall take the following into consideration:—

- (a) amount needed by the applicant to meet his basic needs, especially food, clothing, accommodation, and healthcare,
- (b) income of the opposite party; and
- (c) value of, and actual and potential income from the property, if any, of the applicant which the opposite party would inherit and/or is in possession of.

(4) A copy of every order passed, whether final or interim, on an application, shall be given to the applicant (s) and the opposite party or their representatives in person, or shall be sent to them through a process server or by registered post.

14. **Maximum maintenance allowance —** The maximum maintenance allowance which a Tribunal may order the opposite party to pay shall, subject to a maximum of rupees ten thousand per month/be fixed in such a manner that it does not exceed the monthly income from all sources of the opposite party, divided by the number of persons in his family, counting the applicant or applicants also among the opposite party's family members.

CHAPTER- III**Procedure of Appellate Tribunal****15. Form of appeal —**

An appeal under sub-section (1) of section 16 shall be filed before the Appellate Tribunal in Form I, and shall be accompanied by a copy of the impugned order of the Maintenance Tribunal.

16. Registration and acknowledgement of appeal— On receipt of an appeal, the Appellate Tribunal shall register it in a register to be maintained for the purpose in such form as the State Government may direct, and shall, after registering such appeal, give an acknowledgement to the appellant, specifying the appeal number and the date of hearing, in Form 'J'.

17. Notice of hearing to the respondent — (1) On receipt of an appeal, the Appellate Tribunal shall, after registering the case and assigning an appeal number, cause notice to be serve upon the respondent under its seal and signature in Form 'K'.

(2) The notice under sub-rule (1) shall be issued through registered post with acknowledgement due, or through a process server.

(3) The provisions of Order V of the Civil Procedure Code shall apply *mutatis mutandis* for the purposes of service of notice issued under sub-rule (1).

CHAPTER- IV**Scheme for Management of old age
homes established under section 19 of the Act.****18. Scheme for management of old age homes for indigent senior citizens— (1)**

Old age homes established under section 19 shall be run in accordance with the following norms and standards:—

(A) The home shall have physical facilities and shall be run in accordance with the operational norms as laid down in the Schedule.

(B) While considering applications or cases for admission, no distinction shall be made on the basis of religion or caste;

(C) The home shall provide separate lodging for men and women inmates, unless a male and a female inmate are either blood relations or a married couple:

(D) Day-to-day affairs* of the old age home shall be managed by a Management Committee which shall be constituted in accordance with orders and guidelines issued by the State Government from time to time, where inmates are also suitably represented on the Committee,

(2) The State Government may issue detailed guidelines/orders from time to time for admission into and management of old age homes in accordance with the norms and standards laid down in sub-rule (1) and in the Schedule.

CHAPTER-V

Duties and Power of the District Magistrate.

19. **Duties and powers of the District magistrate**— (1) The District magistrate shall perform the duties and exercise the powers mentioned in sub-rules (2) and (3) of rule 19 so as to ensure that the provisions of the Act are properly carried out in his district.

(2) It shall be the duty of the District Magistrate to, —

- (i) ensure that life and property of senior citizens of the district are protected and they are able to live with security and dignity;
- (ii) to look over and monitor the work of Maintenance Tribunals and Maintenance Officers of the district with a view to ensuring timely and fair disposal of applications for maintenance, and execution of Tribunals' orders;
- (iii) to look over and monitor the working of old age homes in the district so as to ensure that they conform to the standards laid down in these rules, and any other guidelines and orders of the State Government;
- (iv) ensure regular and wide publicity of the provisions of the Act, and Central and State Governments' programmes for the welfare of senior citizens;
- (v) encourage and co-ordinate with panchayats, municipalities, Nehru Yuwa Kendras, educational institutions and especially their National Service Scheme Units, organisations, specialists, experts, activists, etc. working in the district so that their resources and efforts are effectively pooled for the welfare of senior citizens of the district;
- (vi) ensure provision of timely assistance and relief to senior citizens in the event of natural calamities and other emergencies;
- (vii) ensure periodic sensitization of officers of various Departments and Local Bodies concerned with welfare of senior citizens, towards the needs of such citizens, and the duty of the officers towards the latter;
- (viii) review the progress of investigation and trial of cases relating to senior citizens in the district, except in cities having a Police Commissioner;
- (ix) ensure that adequate number of prescribed application forms for maintenance are available in offices of common contact for citizens like Panchayats, Post Offices, Block Development Offices, Tahasil offices, Collectorate, Police Stations;
- (x) promote establishment of dedicated Helplines for senior citizens at district headquarters, to begin with; and

(xi) perform such other functions as the State Government may, by order, assign to the District Magistrate in this behalf, from time to time.

(3) With a view to performing the duties mentioned in sub-rule (2), the District Magistrate shall be competent to issue such directions, not inconsistent with the Act, these rules, and general guidelines of the State Government, as may be necessary, to any concerned government or statutory agency or body working in the district, and especially to the following:—

- (a) Officers of the State Government in the Police, Health and Publicity Departments, and the Department dealing with welfare of senior citizens;
- (b) Maintenance Tribunals and Conciliation Officers;
- (c) Panchayats and Municipalities; and
- (d) Educational institutions.

CHAPTER VI**Protection of Life and Property of Senior Citizens****20. Action plan for the protection of life and property of senior citizens —**

(1) The Superintendent of Police, and in the case of cities having a Police Commissioner, such Police Commissioner shall take all necessary steps, subject to such guidelines as the State Government may issue from time to time, for the protection of life and property of senior citizens.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of sub-rule (1), —

- (i)* each police station shall maintain an up-to-date list of senior citizens living within its jurisdiction, especially those who are living by themselves (i.e. without there being any member in their household who is not a senior citizen);
- (ii)* a representative of the police station together, as far as possible, with a social worker or volunteer, shall visit such senior citizens at regular intervals of at least twice a month, and shall, in addition, visit them as quickly as possible on receipt of a request of assistance from them, and only;
- (iii)* complain/problems of senior citizens shall be promptly attended to, by the local Police;
- (iv)* One or more Volunteers' Committee(s) shall be formed for each Police Station which shall ensure regular contact between the senior citizens, especially those living by themselves, on the one hand, and the police and the district administration on the other;
- (v)* the Superintendent of Police or, as the case may be, the Police Commissioner shall cause to be publicised widely in the media and through the Police Stations, at regular intervals the steps taken for the protection of life and property of senior citizens;
- (vi)* each Police Station shall maintain a separate register containing all important particulars relating to offences committed against senior citizens, in such form as the State Government may, by order, specify;
- (vii)* the register referred to in clause (vi) shall be kept available for public inspection, and every officer inspecting a Police Station shall invariably review the status as reflected in the register;
- (viii)* the Police Station shall send a monthly report of such crimes to the Superintendent of Police by 10th day of every month;

- (ix) list of Do's and Don'ts to be followed by senior citizens in the interest of their safety will be widely publicized;
- (x) antecedents of domestic servants and others working for senior citizens shall be promptly verified, on the request of such citizens;
- (xi) Community policing for the security of senior citizens will be undertaken in conjunction with citizens living in the neighbourhood. Residents' Welfare Associations, Youth Volunteers Non-Government Organisations;
- (xii) the Superintendent of Police shall submit to the Director General of Police and to the District Magistrate, a monthly report by the 20th of every month, about the status of crime against senior citizens during the previous month, including progress of investigation and prosecution of registered offences,, and preventive steps taken during the month;
- (xiii) the District Magistrate shall cause the report to be placed before the District-level Co-ordination-*cum*-Monitoring Committee constituted under rule 22.
- (xiv) The Director General of Police shall cause the reports submitted under clause (xii) to be compiled, once a quarter, and shall submit them to the State Government every quarter as well as every year for, *inter alia*, being placed before the State Council of Senior Citizens constituted under rule 21.

CHAPTER VII

STATE COUNCIL AND DISTRICT COMMITTEES OF SENIOR CITIZENS

21. **State Council of Senior Citizens— (1)** The State Government may, by order, establish a State Council of Senior Citizens to advise the State Government on effective implementation of the Act and to perform such other functions in relation to senior citizens as the State Government may specify.

(2) The State Council shall consist of the following

members, namely:—

- | | |
|--|--|
| (i) Concern Minister of the Department to which the subject relates | Chairman, <i>ex-officio</i> |
| (ii) Secretaries of Departments of the State Government dealing with Disabilities, Senior Citizens' Welfare, Health, Home, Publicity, Pensions, and other subjects of concern to the senior citizens; | Members, <i>ex-officio</i> |
| (iii) Such number of specialists and activists in the field of welfare of senior citizens, as the State Government may determine, to be nominated by the State Government; | Members |
| (iv) Such number of eminent senior citizens, as the State Government may determine, but not less in number than the <i>ex-officio</i> members in the Council, to be nominated by the State Government; | Members |
| (v) Director in-charge of Senior Citizens' Welfare in the State. | Member-Secretary, <i>ex-officio</i> |

(3) The State Council shall meet at least once in six months.

(4) Tenure of the members of the State Council, other than *ex-officio* members, rules of procedure of the Council and other ancillary matters shall be such as the State Government may, by order, specify.

22. **District Committee of Senior Citizens – (1)** The State Government may, by order, establish a District Committee of Senior Citizens for each District to advise for effective implementation of the Act at the district level, and to perform such

other functions in relation to senior citizens at the district level, as the State Government may specify.

(2) The District Committee shall meet once every quarter.

(3) Composition of the District Committee, tenure of members (other than *ex-officio* members), rules of procedure and other ancillary matters shall be such as the State Government may, by order, specify.

SCHEDULE (See Rule 18)**NORMS OF PHYSICAL FACILITIES AND OPERATIONAL STANDARDS FOR AN OLD AGE HOME FOR INDIGENT SENIOR CITIZENS ESTABLISHED U/S 19 OF THE ACT****I. Physical Facilities**

1. **Land:** The land for the old age home should be adequate to comply with the Floor-Area Ratio (TAR) as prescribed by the relevant urban body/State Government. In the case of semi-urban/rural areas, the State Government shall provide adequate land for settingup of an old age home of requisite capacity such that there is adequate land for recreation, gardening, further expansion, etc.

2. **Living Space:** The old age home shall, as far as possible, have minimum area per inmate as per the following norms:-

| | |
|--|----------------|
| (i) area of bedroom/dormitory per inmate | 7.5 sq. metres |
| (ii) living area or carpet area per inmate i.e. including (i) above plus ancillary areas like kitchen, dining hall, recreation room, medical room, etc. but excluding verandahs, corridors, | 12 sq. metres |

3. **Facilities:** (1) The old age home shall have the following facilities:—

- (i) residential area comprising rooms/ dormitories
 - separately for men and women; (M)
 - (ii) adequate water for drinking and ancillary purposes;
 - (iii) electricity, fans and heating arrangement for inmates (as necessary);
 - (iv) kitchen-cum- store and office;
 - (v) dining hall;
 - (vi) adequate number of toilets and baths, including toilets suitable for disabled persons;
 - (vii) recreation facilities, television, newspaper and an adequate collection of books; and
 - (viii) first -aid, sick bay, and primary healthcare facilities.
- (2) The old age home should be barrier-free with provision of ramps and handrails, and where necessary, lifts, etc.

II. Operational Standards

1. Supply of nutritious and wholesome diet as per scale to be fixed by the State Government.

2. Adequate clothing and linen for the inmates, including for the winter season.

3. Adequate arrangements for sanitation, hygiene, and watch and ward/security.

4 Arrangements with the nearest Government hospital for emergency medical care, and with the nearest Police Station for security requirements.

(2) Persons referred to under sub-rule (1) other than Maintenance Officers designated under section 18, shall be chosen subject to fulfilling the following conditions, namely:—

- (a) he must be associated with an organisation which is working for the welfare of senior citizens and/or weaker sections, or in the area of education, health, poverty-alleviation, women's empowerment, social welfare, rural development or related fields, for atleast two years;
- (b) he must be a senior office-bearer of the organisation, with an unblemished record; and
- (c) he must possess good knowledge of law:

Provided that a person who is not associated with an organisation may be included in the panel mentioned in sub-rule (1) subject to fulfilling the following conditions, namely:—

- (i) he must have a good and unblemished record of public service in one or more of the areas mentioned in clause (a);
- (ii) he must possess good knowledge of law.

1. Form-A (Application)
2. Form-B (Acknowledgement of application.)
3. Form-C (Show cause notice to opposite parties)
4. Form-D (Date of filing show cause by opposite parties to be intimated to applicant.)
5. Form-E (Request to the Conciliation officer to try and work out a Settlement acceptable to both Parties.)
6. Form-F (Drawup of a Memorandum of settlement by conciliation Officer.)
7. Form –G (Proceeding report of Conciliation Officer to the Presiding Officer of the Tribunal.
8. Form-H Forwarding report of Conciliation Officer in case of failure of settlement showing efforts made and points of difference between the 2 parties which could not be reconciled.
9. Form-I (Application for appeal)
10. Form-J (Acknowledgement of Application)
11. Form-K (Show cause notice to opposite parties)

FORM-A
[Sub rule (1) of rule -4]

APPLICATION FORM

1. NAME OF THE APPLICANT:-

VRS.

2. NAME OF THE OPPOSITE PARTY:-

3. CAUSE OF THE APPLICATION:-

(The above respondents are neither maintaining the applicant properly, nor taking any care of the applicant.)

Signature of the applicant

**FORM-B
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT RECEIPT**

[CLAUSE (B) OF SUB RULE(2)OF RULE-(4)]

Shri/Smt-----S/O, D/O-----

**Village-----PO.-----PS.-----District-----has
filed an application for maintenance under Orissa maintenance of
Parents and Senior Citizens Rule-2009**

The case has been register No.----- Dt, -----

SIGNATURE OF THE PRESIDING OFFICER

FORM- C

[Sub rule (1) of rule -6 and sub rule (3) of rule -9]

NOTICE FOR DISPOSAL OF APPLICATION

1. NAME OF THE APPLICANT:-

VRS.

2. NAME OF THE RESPONDENT:-

Please take notice that an application further redressal of his grievance order section-4, of the Act has been made by this aforesaid applicant (S) to this tribunal (Copies of the application and the paper book are annexed here to) So notice is here by given to you to appear in the tribunal in person by an authorized agent duly instructed and do file show cause to the application along with documents, if any in a paper book form with the office of the tribunal.

The case has been fixed on ----- for filing of reply.

SIGNATURE OF THE PRESIDING OFFICER.

FORM-D

[Sub rule (3) of rule -6]

INTIMATION OF DATE OF FILING SHOW CAUSE BY OPPOSITE PARTY TO THE APPLICANT UNDER ORISSA MAINTENANCE OF PARENTS AND SENIOR CITIZENS RULE -2009.

1. NAME OF THE APPLICANT:-

2. NAME OF THE OPPOSITE PARTY:-

Please take notice that the opposite Party have been asked to file show cause by -----.

The case is posted to -----.

SIGNATURE OF THE PRESIDING OFFICER.

FROM-E

[Sub rule (2) of rule- 10]

REQUEST TO THE CONCILIATION OFFICER TO TRY AND WORK OUT THE SETTLEMENT UNDER ORISSA MAINTENANCE OF PARENTS AND SENIOR CITIZENS RULES-2009.

1. NAME OF THE APLICANT :-

2. NAME OF THE OPPOSITE PARTY :-

The above case referred to you to try and work out the settlement acceptance to both the party.

SIGNATURE OF THE PRESIDING OFFICER

FROM-F

[SUB RULE-(2) OF RULE -11]

**MEMORANDUM OF SETTLEMENT
UNDER ORISSA MAINTENANCE OF PARENTS AND SENIOR CITIZENS-
RULE-2009.**

1. NAME OF THE APPLICANT :-

2. NAME OF THE OPPOSITE PARTY:-

The above name, applicant and opposite party approach to me (Conciliation officer) after through deliberation with both the party a settlement of the above case for needful action.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

SIGNED BY PARTIES.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

SIGNATURE OF THE CONCILIATION OFFICER.

FORM-G

[SUB RULE (2) OF RULE-11]

REPORT OF THE CONCILIATION OFFICER REGARDING SETTLEMENT OF THE CASE UNDER ORISSA MAINTENANCE OF PARENTS AND SENIOR CITIZENS, RULE-2009.

TO

THE PRESIDING OFFICER

SUB:-M.C.NO.-----Dt.-----

1. NAME OF THE APPLICANT:-

2. NAME OF THE OPPOSITE PARTY:-

The undersigned is forwarding here with memorandum of Settlement of the case for needful action.

SIGNATURE OF THE CONCILIATION OFFICER

FROM-H
[SUB RULE (3) OF RULE-11]

**REPORT OF THE CONCILIATION OFFICER REGARDING
NOSETTLEMENT OF THE CASE UNDER ORISSA MAINTENANCE OF
PARENTS AND SENIOR CITIZENS RULE-2009.**

TO

THE PRESIDING OFFICER

SUB:- M.C.NO.-----Dt.-----

1. NAME OF THE APPLICANT:-

2. NAME OF THE OPPOSITE PARTY:-

**The above case which was referred to the undersigned could not be
reconciled due to the following difference between the two parties.**

- 1.**
- 2.**
- 3.**
- 4.**
- 5.**

SIGNATURE OF THE CONCILIATION OFFICER

**FROM-I
(RULE-15)**

APPLICATION FOR APPEAL UNDER ORISSA MAINTENANCE OF PARENTS AND SENIOR CITIZENS RULE, 2009.

1. NAME OF THE APPLICANT:-

VRS.

2. NAME OF THE RESPONDENT:-

**Being aggrieved with the Order passed in the M.C. No.-----
dt.----- of the above name petitioner before to file this appeal
petition under the following ground.**

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

SIGNATURE OF THE APPLICANT

**FROM-J
(RULE-15)**

**ACKNOWLEDGEMENT RECEIPT UNDER ORISSA MAINTENANCE OF
PARENTS AND SENIOR CITIZENS RULE-2009.**

**Shri/Smt-----S/o,D/O-----
Village-----PO.-----PS.-----
District----- has filed an APPEAL PETITION for maintenance
under Orissa Maintenance and Welfare parents Rule-2009.**

The case has been register No.----- dt.-----.

SIGNATURE OF THE PRESIDING OFFICER.

FROM-K
[Under rule (1) of rule-17]

SHOW CAUSE NOTICE UNDER ORISSA MAINTENANCE OF PARENTS AND SENIOR CITIZENS RULE-2009.

1. NAME OF THE APPLICANT:-

VRS.

2. NAME OF THE RESPONDENT:-

Please take notice that an appeal petition for redressal of his grievance under sub-section-(1) of Section-16 of Act-2007 has been made by the aforesaid applicant(s) to this Tribunal. (Copies of the application and the paper book are annexed here to) being aggrieved with order passed in M.C. NO.----- dt.----- . So notice is hereby given to you to appear in the tribunal in person or by an authorized agent duly instructed and do file show cause to the appeal petition along with documents if any in a paper book form with the office of the tribunal.

The case has been fixed on----- for filing of reply.

SIGNATURE OF THE PRESIDING OFFICER

By order of the Governor

G.V.V. SARMA

Commissioner -*cum*- Secretary to Government